Nom : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date : \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Project Criteria Grammatical Explanations and Additional Resources Handout**

**Information to help you to complete #s 10 and 11 from the criteria of your project as well as other useful resources to guide you in your writing:**

1) For #10, use the verb “vouloir” (to want) in the present tense to start of your sentence. The present tense forms of the verb “vouloir”, with their subject pronouns, are as follows:

Je veux = I want Nous voulons = We want

Tu veux = You (sg.) want Vous voulez = You (pl.) want

Il/Elle veut = He/She wants Ils/Elles veulent = They want

2) For #11, use the immediate future tense = Subject + verb “aller” in present tense + infinitive (non-conjugated) verb + object/activity/place. The present tense forms of the verb “aller”, with their subject pronouns, are as follows:

Je vais = I am going, I go Nous allons = We are going, we go

Tu vas = You (sg.) are going, you go Vous allez = You (pl.) are going, you (pl.) go

Il/Elle va = He/She are going, he/she go Ils/Elles vont = They are going, they go

Ex:La fille (subject) va (verb aller in present tense) manger (infinitive/non-conjugated verb) une orange (object).

English translation: The girl (subject) is going (verb aller in the present tense) to eat (infinitive/non-conjugated verb) an orange (object).

Ex:Mes amis (subject) vont (verb aller in present tense) habiter (infinitive/conjugated verb) en France (place).

English translation: My friends (subject) are going (verb aller in present tense) to live (infinitive/conjugated verb) in France (place).

**P.S.:** If you have any questions related to pronunciation, please see me, or consult forvo.com. For instructions on how to type accents, please consult the “**Liens**” tab on our course’s website. To help correct your French, consult bonpatron.com. Feel free to use Google Translate as a starting point and to ask me questions with regard to the above.